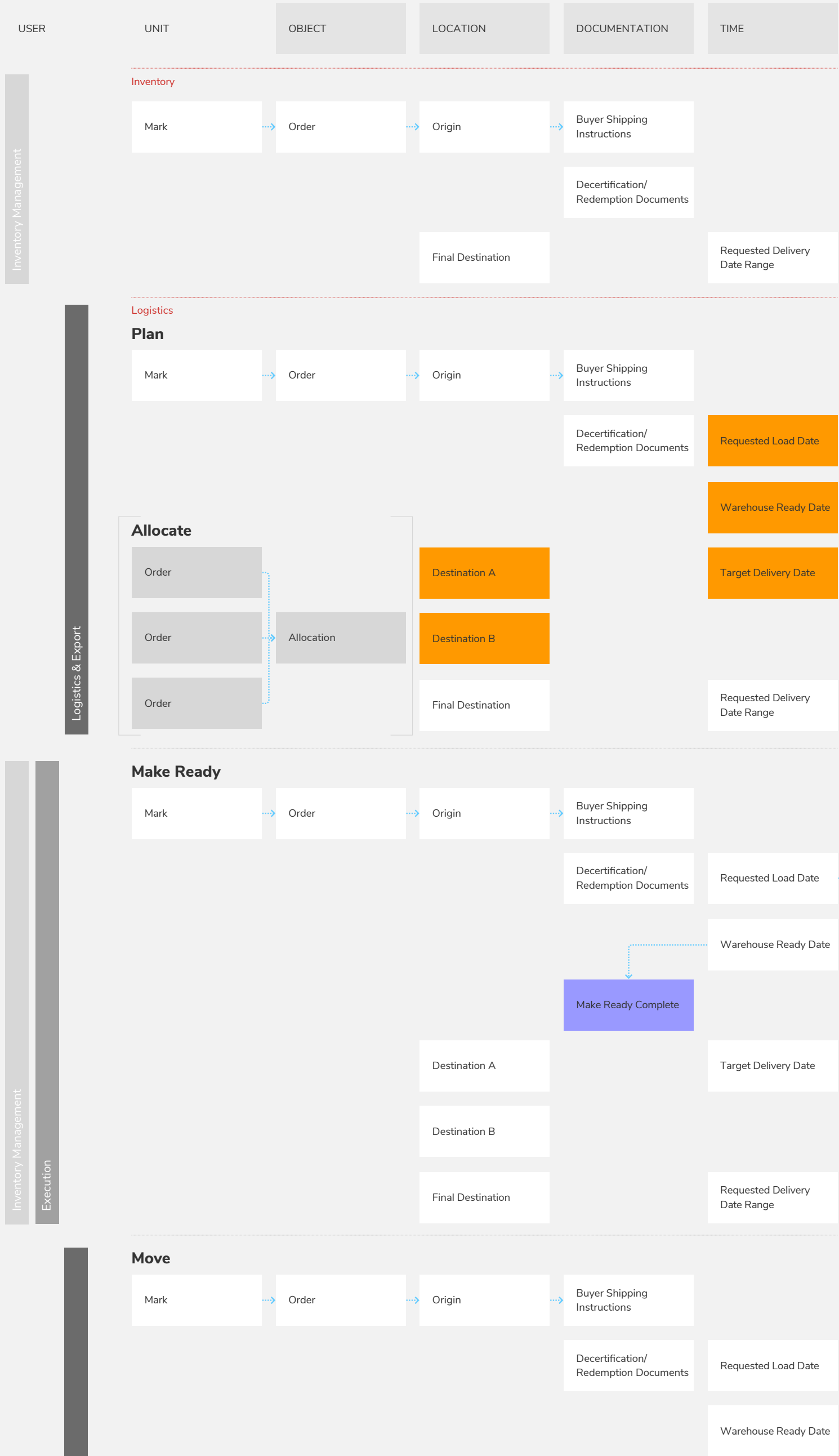


Logistics System Process Map

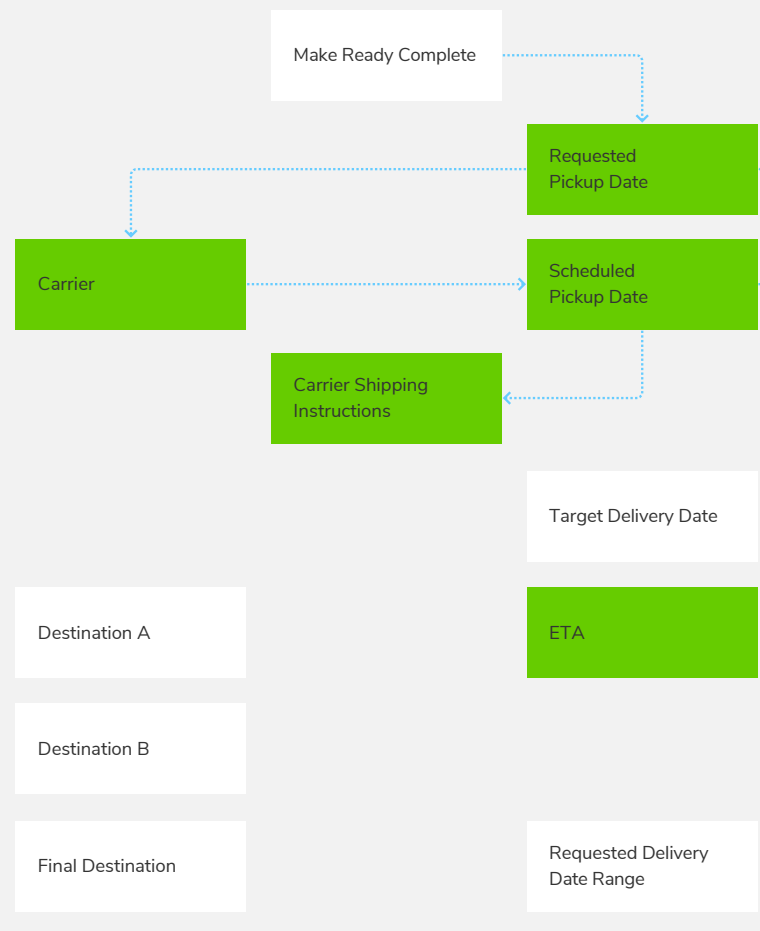
Birds are chirping. The sun is shining. You woke up on the right side of the bed this morning. And when you got to work, you discovered that everything works exactly like it should and you are more productive than you have ever been. This is your happy path to success.

There are four key considerations - the Object, Documentation, Location, and Time. Tracking and monitoring the status and accuracy of these considerations are the primary focus of the Logistics management system. As the shipment moves through the Plan, (Allocate), Move, and Monitor stages, the chart below shows the progress of the shipment and the changes in documentation and time records, as well as the information responsibility at each stage.

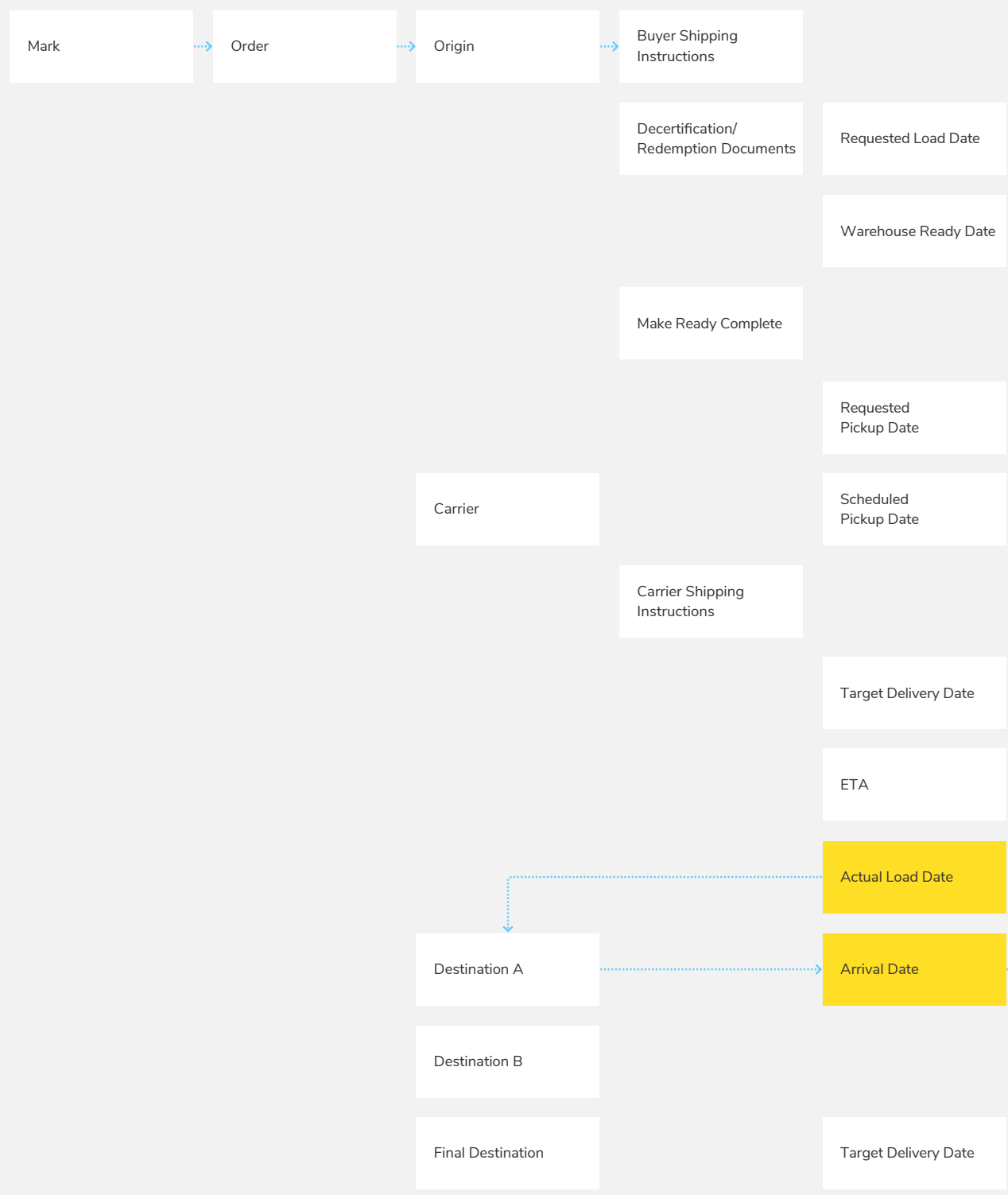


This describes the four types of information that needs to be monitored through the logistics process.

For simplicity, an "object" is defined as a single moveable entity. Here, the unit of measurement that defines that entity is labeled "unit". During an allocation, the allocation would be the object and the unit of measurement is an order. For example, a collection of marks can be grouped together to make a truckload. That truckload is what is being moved, so it is considered an object. If multiple truckloads at a single origin are combined to create a train shipment, then the unit is truckload and the object would be trainload since that is the movable entity.



Monitor



Destination A now becomes the origin. Repeat the Move and Monitor processes until the order arrives at the final destination.